# Colorado Broadband Data & Development Program October 2016 Data Delivery Report

The State of Colorado's first broadband mapping project began when the General Assembly passed SB08-215 and SB09-162, which directed the Office of Information Technology (OIT), working in consultation with the Governor's Innovation Council, to identify broadband service areas within the State and to produce a geographically-based statewide inventory of broadband availability. The resulting data and maps were intended to provide the starting point for developing a strategy for broadband service deployment to the state's underserved areas and to begin the discussion of how to increase broadband adoption and usage in those areas that are currently served. The project also included the development of an interactive web service allowing citizens to toggle on and off broadband technology and speed layers, as well as display demographic information and to also document any inaccuracies in the current data by allowing feedback, and finally an address entered into the web application will display the providers in their area by type.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The report provides details about the various techniques used by OIT to collect data, validate, process, and publish the data submitted by broadband service providers. The resulting broadband coverage areas are made available to providers in the form of map books as well as to the general public by publishing the results on the Broadband Mapping Application located at <a href="http://broadband.co.gov/">http://broadband.co.gov/</a>.

#### **Status of Data Collection**

The broadband mapping and development efforts began with a third party contractor through a data collection contract signed on March 22, 2010. After the October 2014 data submission, the State Broadband Initiative grant ended and the program was picked up by the State of Colorado. OIT continues to make efforts to improve broadband collection and its broadband database.

For the past nine cycles, OIT's efforts to track down broadband providers have yielded positive results. Numerous broadband providers have been identified and have participated in our data collection efforts. Between April and October 2016, no new potential broadband providers were identified. Currently, 131 providers have been identified: 13 do not meet broadband requirements, 39 reported 'No Data Change', 58 submitted new data changes or needed corrections, 8 requested we contact the FCC for data, 6 are non-responsive, and 11 are out of business. The effort to identify all broadband providers in Colorado is ongoing as we continue to strive to improve our database through bi-annual outreach to providers.

The following table categorizes all possible broadband service providers in Colorado known to the broadband mapping team, and indicates the status of their participation in the program:

Service Providers	October 2016
Potential Identified Providers	118
Data Sets Delivered	102
Non-Responsive Providers	7
Not a Broadband Provider	13
Contact FCC	8
Will Not Provide Data	6
Out of Business	11

The following table describes service providers included in the current data delivery:

Service Provider Updates	October 2016
New Providers	1
Updated Data	59
Responded "No Data Change"	40
Contact FCC For Data	8
Removed Coverage; Non-responsive	2
Removed coverage Provider request	0
Data Sets in Public Database	102

As mentioned in the previous delivery cycles, a GIS team member was hired to specifically focus on the accuracy of the Community Anchor Institution database; with regards to activity, location, and broadband speed. OIT is very pleased with the progress that has been made in promoting speed tests among reporting CAI's. We have encouraged our providers to reach out to Community Anchor Institutions within their broadband coverage area and we have personally reached out to known CAI's to update provider information and speed tests. We eliminated duplicate CAI records, expired CAI's, and those which could not be located or identified. OIT has expanded the number of CAIs submitting speed test information between October 2013 and this current dataset. The following table shows the number of community anchor institutions that have been identified in the state:

	October 2016				
Community Anchor Institutions	Identified	Collected			
Cat. 1 - School K -12	2371	2371			
Cat. 2 - Library	266	266			
Cat. 3 - Medical/Healthcare	1007	1007			
Cat. 4 - Public Safety	1802	1802			
Cat. 5 - University/College	81	81			
Cat. 6 - Other Government	1014	1014			
Cat. 7 - Other non-Government	348	348			
TOTALS	6889	6889			

The CBDDP chooses to report multiple CAIs at the same address as distinct entities (i.e. a county sheriff's office and a 911 call center at the same address are reported as two distinct entities)

#### Validation and Verification Processes for the October 2016 Data Set

#### **Techniques:**

- 1. Automated Validation
- 2. Analysis of Change
- 3. Visual Review
- 4. Website Validation
- 5. Feedback Loop
- 6. CAI Speed Test Analysis
- 7. Crowd Sourcing

#### 1. Automated Validation

OIT has been developing and improving automated validation scripts since its first data delivery processed in house in April 2011. OIT runs the scripts it has developed on the final dataset post processing in every delivery cycle. The data delivery includes documentation demonstrating that the data has passed the CBMP standards set in place and met all necessary requirements.

#### OIT's automated scripts:

- Verifies that feature classes are properly named
- Verifies all columns are properly named and defined
- Verifies all table value domains are adhered to
- Captures the required information to accurately complete the records count and provider table tabs for the data package
- Cross references and creates statistical tables of technology type and valid speed combinations for both service provider and CAI data
- Compares FCC assigned Frequency Reference Numbers (FRNs) to provider names to ensure consistency across the data set
- Ensures consistency in provider names
- Identifies possible duplicates among CAIs
- Creates a statistical table for all features classes, including: records details, service provider information, and attribution frequencies
- Ensures the data model, business rules, and schema are in compliance

#### 2. Analysis of Changes

The major changes between the April 2016 and the October 2016 delivery:

- The State of Colorado's commitment to refine and further develop the broadband mapping program.
- Changes and increase in detail of data submission requirements for broadband providers.
- Greater emphasis on improving price data associated with each speed package.
- Sending PDF map books and KMZ's of broadband coverage to providers during initial outreach so they better understand the current data the State has.
- Reviewing the data status of all providers to identify gaps in data quality and reaching out to providers between deliveries in an effort to strengthen relationships and coordination efforts.

The coverage in this delivery reflects the increase or decrease in service from these changes. We have observed an increase in new data for PLSS and wireless features, while the number of middle mile features remained the same. In turn, our data classified as "no change" has decreased a significant amount for both PLSS and wireless features.

The following table shows the change in the number of features from April 2016 to October 2016:

	Р	LSS QQ	Wirel	ess Service	Middle Mile			
	Number of Providers	% Number of Features Changed *	Number of Providers			% Number of Features Changed		
New Providers	0	N/A%	1	N/A%	0	N/A%		
Received new data	38	+5.09%	29	0%	43	+4.63%		
Contact FCC for data	3	+5.77%	0	-100%	0	-100%		
No Changes	20	-65.5%	23	-41.54%	25	+27.17%		

#### 3. Visual Review

OIT routinely reviews the coverage areas of new service providers and those with updates or changes to coverage in preparation for each delivery. After the October 2014 data delivery, in an effort to prevent providers from exaggerating coverage, PLSS quarter-quarter sections and address point data are used in conjunction with imagery to verify and reduce areas of claimed coverage over undeveloped land. PLSS quarter-quarter sections with no address points and no evident development based on imagery were selected and removed from each provider's coverage. Wireless tower locations provided in the October 2016 coverage were inspected using aerial imagery in order to identify existing towers on the surface. Where towers could not be identified, OIT contacted the provider to verify the accuracy of tower location information. We also verified tower points falling atop other surface features, for instance, water silos, grain elevators, dwelling structures, or tall buildings. Additionally, tower specification information was requested from all wireless providers, if information was currently unknown.

Numerous wireless providers submit PDF's of polygon coverage or claimed coverage extended uniformly a certain radius from the tower. In order to prevent further exaggeration of wireless coverage, beam radius, azimuth, tower height, and frequency were requested for each tower to be used in a wireless coverage model. Starting with the April 2015 delivery, address level data is requested of all providers in order for OIT to better verify and represent accurate provider coverage. For landline providers, submitted location data is used to identify which PLSS quarter-quarter sections are included in their respective coverage. With wireless providers, address data and imagery are used to verify that the claimed coverage areas are spread over developed land. A confidence rating was implemented in order to indicate both the quality of the data received from providers, and how accurate the coverage is believed to be. For each provider, the confidence rating is based on the quality of data submitted by provider, as well as the resulting accuracy of the coverage. A more accurate coverage model was created for all the providers in compliance with our requests, therefore a higher confidence rating was given those providers individual datasets.

#### 4. Website Validation

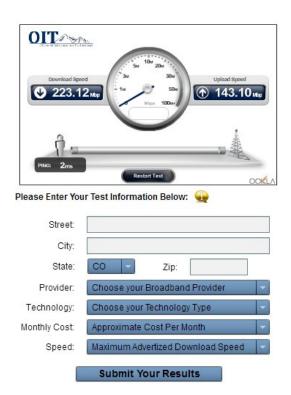
After the October 2014 data delivery, our team also extended validation efforts to provider website analysis. For all providers having a website, the broadband mapping team visited each site to validate the provider's maximum advertised download and upload speeds in megabytes per second (Mbps), as well as the price associated with each speed. Previous data deliveries outlined by the NTIA included a speed tier format; however, this method is no longer preferred. Additionally, OIT documented inconsistencies between the data deliveries and the advertised speeds for internal processing. The team created map books and KMZ files for each provider and has emailed those directly to each provider for their review.

#### 5. Feedback Loop

As a routine part of our processing work flow, the mapping team gave all service providers the opportunity to review the final geospatial representation of their data in the form of map books, KMZ's and/or on the Colorado Broadband Mapping Application (<a href="http://broadband.co.gov/">http://broadband.co.gov/</a>). Additionally, in the emails the mapping team asked for follow-up conversations to create a dialogue between providers and the mapping team to discuss the inconsistencies found in the information reported on their web sites and coverage submitted for the data delivery.

#### 6. Crowd Sourcing

Colorado broadband speed tests are collected in four ways: a public speed test application, a provider-only speed test application, a CAI speed test, and the Colorado Broadband Mapping Application. The public speed test is located in the mapping application (<a href="http://broadband.co.gov/">http://broadband.co.gov/</a>) and an image of the speed test is shown below. A direct link speed test application also exists that can be placed on any website, which will help increase availability of the speed test and collect more results than the CBDDP mapping application alone.



Using the application, the general population can conduct speed tests from their home or office. The speed test is provided by an Ookla application and results are given for download and upload speeds in Mbps. In addition to test results being collected, the user's location, provider name, technology type, and monthly cost are also requested with the test results. The purpose is to collect reports of service from citizens and Community Anchor Institutions in order to compare against provider data. The speed tests are processed quarterly and included in validation for individual providers.

The provider-only speed test application allows providers to submit speed tests during service calls or installations, at which time they are able to test the bandwidth unrestricted by the particular service level subscribed to by the customer. OIT is continuing efforts to collect speed tests using the aforementioned methods, which are used to compare against provider data.

#### **Summary of Process**

During the first two years of the program, the OIT contracted a third party business (Critigen) to perform data processing. Starting with the April 1, 2011 delivery, the OIT hired staff and brought this process in-house. OIT continued with in-house staff through the remainder of the State Broadband Initiative to January 15, 2014. In-sourcing has improved data quality and increased the number of providers reporting in comparison to previous deliveries.

The completion of the State Broadband Initiative posed many challenges in 2015 to continue mapping state broadband coverage. The State of Colorado has and will continue to map broadband coverage. The NTIA previously designated that all wireline broadband coverage be represented in the form of census blocks from the US Census Bureau. OIT has decided to move away from this unit of representation for broadband purposes based on numerous conversations with providers, surveys, and general complaints about how the data is being represented. Therefore, the Governor's Office of Information Technology will use the Public Land Survey System at the Quarter-Quarter section to map wireline coverage areas. The new geographic unit has increased the level of detail to which we are able to represent coverage areas. Imagery and address location data is used in conjunction with this geographic unit to ensure accuracy and reduce overrepresentation. A more detailed description of the data processing methods is provided in the Process Guide, which is included with the data submission (CO Process Guide 2016 10 01.pdf).

The broadband mapping team has implemented the following process, which may vary from other state programs:

#### **Data Collection**

- 1. The data gathering process begins by identifying and contacting potential broadband providers. Participation in the program is voluntary, but many providers choose to support our effort.
- 2. OIT reaches out to providers who have not previously submitted data, in order to create a more comprehensive state dataset.
- 3. OIT also contacts each currently participating provider to allow them to report data changes or confirm the existing data is still accurate.
- 4. OIT works closely with providers to help find the best and most accurate method to submit data. We encourage a uniform data submission across all providers, but accept data in various formats dependent on the provider's software limitations. Additional details are located in the Subscriber Data Requirements located in the Broadband Processing Guide's Call for Data packet.
- 5. Beginning with the April 2015 cycle, data requirements have changed. New data requirement documents are emailed to providers with OIT's initial outreach package.

6. Numerous providers have expressed concern due to the new requirement of subscriber level data and location for all provider types. OIT enforces a strict confidentiality policy and offers Non-Disclosure Agreements in order to maintain subscriber anonymity and offer assurance to providers.

#### **Data Processing**

For the October 2016 delivery, OIT processed three types of data: wireless, middle mile, and landline. All data is processed in accordance with the Broadband Geoprocessing Guide, which includes loading processed data into the mapping team's Confidence Template, QC Tools, and Staging tool in order to standardize datasets.

#### Wireless

- Wireless data submitted as a service coverage area is re-processed for accuracy.
- Wireless data submitted as tower locations is processed using signal propagation software to create a coverage plot.
- Statewide and provider submitted address data is used to verify coverage plots and their proximity to developed areas.
- Confidence values are assigned to each wireless coverage based on quality of data submitted by provider and assessment of accuracy
- For the October 2016 delivery, providers were notified that wireless coverage with low confidence for which we have not received adequate data within the last two years will be removed unless tower data is submitted. This was put into effect in an effort to eliminate low quality wireless coverage areas, many of which have given way to an increased number of complaints regarding accuracy.

#### Middle Mile

- Middle mile locations reported by the providers using either addresses or coordinates are geocoded and processed following the guide lines.
- Various validation methods are implemented to check the data accuracy, as described in "Validation and Verification" section of this document.
- The OIT requested pricing information but unfortunately because of uncertainty with the FCC 477 Permit requirements many providers acquiesced.
- Representing typical speeds continues to be an issue, as less than two thirds of the providers report typical speed information.

#### Landline

- Previously, landline data was divided into three separate categories: census blocks less than two square miles, census blocks greater than two square miles represented as road segments, and service address points.
   Currently, these forms of data submission are all processed into the PLSS QQs.
- For providers who did not submit new data or claimed no data changes, PLSS data from the April 2016 cycle was converted to the updated PLSS grid.
- Submitted subscriber data was used to generate PLSS coverage in the case of providers which submitted required level data.
- In both cases, statewide address data is used to filter and verify which PLSS quarter-quarter sections in each provider's coverage feature developed (buildings, homes, establishments etc.) land. Imagery allows us to further

- ensure the provider coverage is representative of developed areas. Address data is not available for several counties. Imagery analysis of PLSS coverage is particularly helpful for assessing provider coverage which falls within those counties.
- Confidence values are assigned to each provider's PLSS coverage based on the quality of data submitted; address data presence, and imagery analysis.

#### **TABLES**

### Colorado

### Data Summary

File Summary	
File Type	Number of Records
Total Records in all Files	211004
PLSS Quarter Quarters	201946
Wireless	93
Community Anchor Institutions	6889
Middle Mile	2076
Metadata Provided for Geospatial Data	Yes

File Type	Number of Records
Number of ISPs Provided	102
Provider Information	

## Colorado

PLSS (	Duarter	Quarters
LUU	y uui cci	Qualtero

Data Type	Code	Data Element	Count	%	Data Type	Code	Data Element	Count	%
		Total Records	1588034		7.	3	>= 768 kbps. < 1.5 mbps.	1	0.000499
調		PLSS with Broadband	201946			4	>= 1.5 mbps. < 3 mbps.	0	09
Records Details						_	. ahch	640	0.2240
rds		(th 0ththd)			bed	5	>= 3 mbps. < 6 mbps.	648	0.3219
60		(with & without broadband)  Total Census Blocks in the			Spe	6	>= 6 mbps. < 10 mbps.	0	09
~		State (with & without			oad				
		broadband)	201062		Į į	7	>= 10 mbps. < 25 mbps.	761	0.377%
					Typical Download Speed	8	>= 25 mbps. < 50 mbps.	0	0%
Si=		Number of Distinct Providers	61		ical	9	> 50 mbps, < 100 mbps.	10	0.0049%
Services Provider Details			01		l ₽		> 30 mbps, < 100 mbps.	10	0.00437
Services vider Det		Number of Distinct "Doing Business As"	60			10	> 100 mbps, < 1 gbps.	239	0.11839
Sei		busiliess As	00			10	> 100 mbps, < 1 gups.	239	0.11637
Pro		Number of Distinct FRN	61			11	> 1 gbps.	0	0%
						J	ZZ "null"	200287	99.18%
	10	Asymmetric xDSL	92438	45.77%					
	11	ADSL2/ADSL2+	3452	1.709%					
		-							
	12	VDSL	1246	0.616%		T .			
	20	Summer admin suDSI	1241	0.664%		2	< 200 kbps >200 kbps, < 768 kbps.	181 9487	0.089%
	20	Symmetric xDSL	1341	0.004%	- T		>200 kbps, < 768 kbps.	9487	4.69%
_	30	Other Copper Wireless	19505	9.66%	e e	3	>= 768 kbps. < 1.5 mbps.	38568	19.09%
Technology	40	Cable Modem-DOCSIS 3.0	66380	380 32.87%	Max. Advertised Upload Speed	4	> 1.5 mbps, < 3 mbps.	22481	11.13%
lou	41	Cable Modem-Other	1122	0.555%	loa	5	> 3 mbps, < 6 mbps.	13469	6.67%
ech	50	Optical Carrier/Fiber	16462	8.15%	) j	6	> 6 mbps, < 10 mbps.	83	0.041%
-	60	Satellite	0	0%	isec	7	> 10 mbps, < 25 mbps.	58466	28.95%
		Terrestrial Fixed Wireless-			ert				
	70	Unlicensed	0	0%	À	8	> 25 mbps, < 50 mbps.	45196	22.38%
	71	Terrestrial Fixed Wireless- Licensed	0	0%	ax.	9	> 50 mbps, < 100 mbps.	2401	1.18%
	/1	Licensed	0	070	≥		• •	2401	
	80	Terrestrial Mobile Wireless	0	0%		10	> 100 mbps, < 1 gbps.	3357	1.66%
	90	Electrical Power Line	0	0%		11	> 1 gbps.	8257	4.09%
	0	Other	0	0%		2	>200 kbps, < 768 kbps.	1	0.00049%
_	2	> 200 kbps, < 768 kbps	551	0.273%			>200 kbps, < 700 kbps.	1	0.000437
Download	3	> 768 kbps, < 1.5 mbps.	637	0.315%		3	> 768 kbps, < 1.5 mbps.	558	0.276%
vu]	4	> 1.5 mbps, < 3 mbps.	19929	9.87%	Speed	4	> 1.5 mbps, < 3 mbps.	701	0.347%
Dov	5	> 3 mbps, < 6 mbps.	11250	5.57%		5	> 3 mbps, < 6 mbps.	134	0.0664%
rtised I Speed	6	> 6 mbps, < 10 mbps.	7500	3.71%	Oac	6	> 6 mbps, < 10 mbps.	0	0%
Spe	7	> 10 mbps, < 25 mbps.	34785	17.22%	<u> </u>	7	> 10 mbps, < 25 mbps.	16	0.000792%
dve	8	> 25 mbps, < 50 mbps.	16222	8.03%	<u> </u>	8	> 25 mbps, < 50 mbps.	0	0%
Max. Advertised Speed	9	> 50 mbps, < 100 mbps.	8387	4.15%	Typical Upload	9	> 50 mbps, < 100 mbps.	10	0.0049%
Ма	10	> 100 mbps, < 1 gbps.	91873	45.49%	_	10	> 100 mbps, < 1 gbps.	239	0.1183%
	11	> 1 gbps.	10812	5.35%		11	> 1 gbps.	0	99.18%
	1	Provider	201252	99.66%			ZZ "null"	200287	99.18%
Provider Type	2	Reseller	694	0.344%					
	1	Residential	48347	23.94%					
End User Name	2	Business	57148	28.3%					
nd User Name	3	Government	0	0%					
				0,0					
	5	Residential/Business Identical	96451	47.76%					

	Wireless								
Data Type	Code	Data Element	Count	%		Data Type	Code	Data Element	Count
Record		Total Records	93				2	>200 kps, < 768 kps.	0
				,			3	> 768 kps, < 1.5 mbps.	0
es er Is		Number of Distinct Providers	51			pəə	4	> 1.5 mbps, < 3 mbps.	0
Services Provider Details		Number of Distinct "Doing Business As"	51			Typical Download Speed	5	> 3 mbps, < 6 mbps.	4
S		Number of Distinct FRN	50			Ploa	6	> 6 mbps, < 10 mbps.	3
						OWI	7	> 10 mbps, < 25 mbps.	4
	10	Asymmetric xDSL	0	0.00%		al D	8	> 25 mbps, < 50 mbps.	3
	20	Symmetric xDSL	0	0.00%		ypic	9	> 50 mbps, < 100 mbps.	0
				0.000/		_	10	> 100 mbps, < 1 gbps.	0
	30	Other Copper Wireless	0	0.00%			11	> 1 gbps.	0
	40	Cable Modem-DOCSIS 3.0	0	0.00%				ZZ "null"	79
ygo	41	Cable Modem-Other	0	0.00%					T
Technology	50	Optical Carrier/Fiber	0	0.00%		_	2	>200 kps, < 768 kps.	4
ech	60	Satellite	6	6.45%		рөө	3	> 768 kps, < 1.5 mbps.	11
	70	Terrestrial Fixed Wireless- Unlicensed	78	83.87%		dS b	4	> 1.5 mbps, < 3 mbps.	9
	71	Terrestrial Fixed Wireless- Licensed	3	3.23%		Max. Advertised Upload Speed	5	> 3 mbps, < 6 mbps.	24
	80	Terrestrial Mobile Wireless	6	6.45%		ף pa	6	> 6 mbps, < 10 mbps.	11
	90	Electrical Power Line	0	0.00%		rtis	7	> 10 mbps, < 25 mbps.	16
	0	Other	0	0.00%		dve	8	> 25 mbps, < 50 mbps.	8
						x. A	9	> 50 mbps, < 100 mbps.	3
	3	> 768 kps, < 1.5 mbps.	3	3.23%		Ma	10	> 100 mbps, < 1 gbps.	4
ertised Download Speed	4	> 1.5 mbps, < 3 mbps.	1	1.08%			11	> 1 gbps.	3
nwo	5	> 3 mbps, < 6 mbps.	16	17.2%					
d Dc	6	> 6 mbps, < 10 mbps.	9	9.68%			2	>200 kps, < 768 kps.	1
ertised	7	> 10 mbps, < 25 mbps.	36	38.71%			3	> 768 kps, < 1.5 mbps.	2
	8	> 25 mbps, < 50 mbps.	12	12.9%		pəə	4	> 1.5 mbps, < 3 mbps.	1
Max. Adv	9	> 50 mbps, < 100 mbps.	7	7.53%		Typical Upload Spec	5	> 3 mbps, < 6 mbps.	3
Маў	10	> 100 mbps, < 1 gbps.	5	5.38%		load	6	> 6 mbps, < 10 mbps.	6
_	11	> 1 gbps.	4	4.301%		lqU	7	> 10 mbps, < 25 mbps.	1
						ical	8	> 25 mbps, < 50 mbps.	0
	1	800 Mhz Spectrum Used	0	0.00%		Тур	9	> 50 mbps, < 100 mbps.	0
	2	700 Mhz Spectrum Used	0	0.00%			10	> 100 mbps, < 1 gbps.	0
	3	1900 Mhz Spectrum Used	4	4.30%				ZZ "null"	79
шn	4	1700 Mhz Spectrum Used	1	1.08%					
Spectrum	5	2500 Mhz Spectrum Used	3	3.23%					
Sp	6	Unlicensed Spectrum Used	77	82.8%					
	7	Specialist Mobile Radio Service	2	2.15%					
	8	Wireless Communication Service	0	0.00%					
	9	Satellite	6	6.45%					

% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00%

4.3%
3.23%
4.3%
3.23%
0.00%
0.00%
0.00%
84.95%

4.3% 11.83%

9.68%

25.81% 11.83% 17.2% 8.602% 3.23% 4.3%

1.08% 2.15% 1.08% 3.23% 6.45% 1.08% 0.00% 0.00% 84.95%

#### Colorado **Community Anchor Institution** Data Type Code **Data Element** Count Data Type Code **Data Element** Count % **Record Details Total Records** 6889 2 >200 kbps, < 768 kbps. 256 3.72% School-K through 12 2371 34.41% > 768 kbps, < 1.5 mbps. 270 3.92% 1 3 Max. Advertised Upload Speed 2 266 3.86% 4 > 1.5 mbps, < 3 mbps. 382 5.55% Medical/healthcare 3 1007 14.62% 5 > 3 mbps, < 6 mbps. 500 7.26% Anchor Category 1802 26.16% > 6 mbps, < 10 mbps. 406 4 Public safety 6 5.89% University, college, other 5 post-secondary 81 1.18% 7 > 10 mbps, < 25 mbps. 470 6.82% Other community support-/gov't 1014 133 1.93% 14.72% 8 > 25 mbps, < 50 mbps. 6 Other community support-7 non-/gov't 348 5.05% 9 > 50 mbps, < 100 mbps. 53 0.769% 10 > 100 mbps, < 1 gbps. 27 0.392% Asymmetric xDSL 960 10 13.94% 2 0.029% 11 > 1 gbps. ZZ "null" 63.46% 20 Symmetric xDSL 43 0.624% 30 Other Copper Wireless 1643 23.85% Broadband Service Cable Modem-DOCSIS 3.0 70.09% 40 39 0.57% Υ Yes-Subscribers to Service 4829 **No-Does Not Subscribers** 41 Cable Modem-Other 147 2.13% N to Service 374 5.43% 1895 27.51% 1686 24.47% 50 Optical Carrier/Fiber U Unknown Fechnology 0.465% 60 Satellite 32 **Terrestrial Fixed Wireless-**Lat/Long falls within the Lat/Long Accuracy 70 Unlicensed 35 0.51% State 6889 **Terrestrial Fixed Wireless-**71 Licensed 99 1.44% Total Lat/Long 6889 100% **Terrestrial Mobile Wireless** 80 1 0.0145% **Total Count Anchors** Anchor Names 90 **Electrical Power Line** 0 0.00% 6889 Names **Distinct Count of Anchor** 0 Other 0.00% Names 6685 -9999 "null" 28.96% < 200 kbps. 0.0581% >200 kbps, < 768 kbps Max. Advertised Download Speed 3 198 2.87% > 768 kbps, < 1.5 mbps. 4 329 4.78% > 1.5 mbps, < 3 mbps. 5 > 3 mbps, < 6 mbps. 441 6.402% 6 > 6 mbps, < 10 mbps. 313 4.54% 7 > 10 mbps, < 25 mbps. 683 9.91% 8 > 25 mbps, < 50 mbps. 269 3.905% 9 > 50 mbps, < 100 mbps. 200 2.903% 10 > 100 mbps, < 1 gbps. 29 0.4209% Yes 423 **Public WIFI** 11 > 1 gbps. 2 0.029% Ν No 4674 4373 63.48% U Unknown 1792

## Colorado

### Middle Mile

			171	iaaie	ville			
Data Type	Code	Data Element	Count	%	Data Type	Code	Data Element	Count
Record Details		Total Records	2076			1	Fiber	793
					pe	2	Copper	2
es der ils		Number of Distinct Providers	67		Facility Type	3	Hybrid Fiber Coax (HFC)	1
Services Provider Details		Number of Distinct "Doing Business As"	64		Facil	4	Wireless	1280
		Number of Distinct FRN	66				N/A "null"	0
Ownership	0	Owned	1336	64.35%	Lat / Long		# of Lat/Long in State	2076
Ownership	1	Leased	740	35.65%			Total Lat/Long	2076
	1	Multiple T1's and less than 40 mbps.	908	43.74%				
ity	2	Greater than 40 mbps. and less than 150 mbps.	152	7.32%	uc		Number of Data Points	2076
Facility Capacity	3	Greater than 150 mbps. and less than 600 mbps.	242	11.66%	Elevation		Lowest Elevation	0
acility	4	Greater than 600 mbps. and less than 2.4 gbps.	154	7.42%	В		Highest Elevation	350
T.	5	Greater than 2.4 gbps. and less than 10 gbps.	3	0.145%				
	6	Greater than 10 gbps	617	29.72%				

%

38.2% 0.0963%

0.0481%

61.66%

100%

## Colorado

### Distinct Speed Tiers Provided

	Technology Codes	Allowable				
	recimology codes	Down	Up			
10	Asymmetric xDSL	3 to 10	2 to 9			
20	Symmetric xDSL	3 to 9	2 to 9			
30	Other Copper Wireless	3 to 11	2 to 11			
40	Cable Modem-DOCSIS 3.0	9 to 10	2 to 7			
41	Cable Modem-Other	3 to 7	2 to 7			
50	Optical Carrier/Fiber to End User	3 to 11	2 to 11			
60	Satellite	3 to 7	2 to 5			
70	Terrestrial Fixed Wireless- Unlicensed	3 to 7	2 to 7			
71	Terrestrial Fixed Wireless- Licensed	3 to 7	2 to 7			
80	Terrestrial Mobile Wireless	3 to 7	2 to 6			
90	Electric Power Lines	3 to 5	2 to 5			
0	All Other	3 to 11	2 to 11			

	Speed Tier Codes					
1	< 200 kbps.					
2	>200 kbps, < 768 kbps.					
3	> 768 kbps, < 1.5 mbps.					
4	> 1.5 mbps, < 3 mbps.					
5	5 > 3 mbps, < 6 mbps.					
6	> 6 mbps, < 10 mbps.					
7	> 10 mbps, < 25 mbps.					
8	> 25 mbps, < 50 mbps.					
9	> 50 mbps, < 100 mbps.					
10	> 100 mbps, < 1 gbps.					
11	> 1 gbps.					